

## TURPIE NOT A CUCKOO

Therefore Mr. Cleveland Has Placed Him on the "Black List."

Mr. Bissell Says the President Thinks the Indiana Senator Has No Right to Expect Favors.

## HE OPPOSED HORNBLOWER

And His Recommendations for Office Will Not Be Heeded.

What a Democrat Learned While Urging Postmaster Thompson's Removal—Turpie Attacks Judge Woods.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Postmaster-general Bissell to-day corroborated the statements made in a Journal special the other day that President Cleveland had placed Senator Turpie "on the list" for having voted against the Hornblower nomination, and that he would not heed the Indianapolis Senator's recommendations for office. A Democratic Congressman from Indiana to-day urged Mr. Bissell to implore the President to remove Postmaster Thompson. He said the Democrats at the Hoosier capital were considerably vexed because a Republican was kept in the post-office, and that if Postmaster Thompson was not removed within a short time it would be impossible to secure a Democratic organization in Marion county. He pointed out the demoralizing effects which the retention of a Republican in a conspicuous office would have upon Democrats, and said that it would not be sufficient to make the removal during the heat of the campaign next fall; that it should be done now.

Postmaster-general Bissell, at the conclusion of the importunities of the Hoosier Congressman, replied that it was no use to ask President Cleveland to remove Postmaster Thompson for any purpose until conditions changed. He said the President was much put out at Senator Turpie for having joined in the majority report of the Senate judiciary committee in favor of the rejection of the Hornblower nomination, and for having given his support to the rejection in executive session of the Senate. Mr. Bissell said that the President did not feel that Senator Turpie had any right to demand action on the Indianapolis postmaster's removal.

Mr. Bissell then gave out a little bit of news. He stated that the Indianapolis postmaster's removal was regarded as the legitimate and sole patronage of Senator Turpie; that the office was located at the Senator's home, and although it was also the home of Representative Bynum, the office had long since been credited to the Senator under existing circumstances; that Senator Voorhees had been permitted to control the office in his home city (Terre Haute) and by common courtesy Senator Turpie must be permitted to dictate the nomination for the Indianapolis postmaster. Having offended the President by antagonizing him in the Senate, Mr. Turpie could not now push his claim for a change in office, and, in the opinion of the Postmaster-general, there would be no change until the conditions changed. Mr. Bissell's general verdict of all the statements made the other day by a Journal special upon this point, showing that Turpie and Cleveland are now at "odds."

## TURPIE VENTS HIS SPIRITS

Contemptible Attack on Judge Woods—Agreement on the Election Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate has named a day when the final vote is to be taken on the bill repealing the federal election law. After another long colloquy to-day between Senators Gray and Chandler, the Republicans consented that general debate on the measure should close next Tuesday at 4 p. m. After that hour amendments may be presented and passed upon, but the final vote must be taken before the adjournment of the Senate that day.

When the Senate met this morning a petition signed by wool growers of California, irrespective of political party, praying for a reduction of the duty on wool, was presented by Mr. Perkins.

Senator Washburn presented a petition of six thousand citizens of St. Louis county, Minnesota, asking against putting iron ore on the free list.

The bond question was then discussed, as reported elsewhere. The agreement to close the debate on the election bill was entered into. Senator Chandler introduced two amendments to the repeal bill, the first providing that the flag of the United States and the words "For Representative in Congress" should be stamped, under penalty, on every box for congressional ballots in the elections in the States and Territories, and the second quiring election judges to make up and publicly declare the result of the congressional election in their reports immediately after the close of the poll.

Senator Turpie said that under the operations and partisan advantages of a certain United States judge in Indiana "upon the recurrence of every political election becomes the headquarters for the managers and the administration of the political party to which he is allied. This judge (Judge Woods) earns his salary by midnight council in the judge's chambers previous to election. He is a man of law, and that which calls into action the whole faculties of his mind is how to make appointments of supervisors and marshals in different counties to decrease Democratic votes and to increase the Republican vote."

At 3:40 p. m. on motion of Senator Gorman, the Senate went into executive session, and at 4:30 p. m. adjourned until to-morrow.

## THE HAWAIIAN INQUIRY.

Dr. Brown Says Blount Lied—Mr. Reader Tells His Story.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Dr. W. S. Bowen, of the New York World, was before the Senate Hawaiian investigating committee yesterday. Dr. Bowen arrived at Honolulu on the day after Commissioner Blount landed there, in company with Harry M. Sewall. Mr. Blount represented that Dr. Bowen and Mr. Sewall attempted to arrange a settlement between President Dole and Queen Liliuokalani, whereby the latter was to abdicate the throne for consideration of \$20,000 a year. Dr. Bowen denied every question as to whether he was in Honolulu at the time of the Hawaiian revolution, and said that Mr. Blount had been guilty of wilful misrepresentation.

P. W. Reader, a zealous defender of the Blount and the administration, was before the committee. Mr. Reader is a citizen of the United States and a resident of Cedar Rapids, Ia. He was in Honolulu at the time of the Hawaiian revolution, and had been there several weeks before, making a study of the islands and institutions. Replying to a question as to whether American lives and property were landed from the Boston, he declared that no such condition existed. He said that the Sunday after the Queen had

made on Saturday her unsuccessful attempt to change the Constitution was as quiet as any other Sabbath on the islands. The children played in the streets and people went about their business as if nothing unusual had happened or was expected to happen. There were occasional squads of men discussing the situation, but there did not appear to be any excitement. There were no armed men on the streets until the troops from the Boston landed.

Mr. Reader also failed to see any excuse for the declaration of the fifteenth protectorate over the islands, except for the purpose of preserving the Dole government. He declared that the natives preferred a native government, and as the voters among them numbered about twelve to one white he was of opinion that they should control. He did not think, however, that after the effort to subvert the Constitution the Queen should have been permitted to continue her reign, but that she should have been arrested and punished and her place filled by the natives. He said, however, of laying the ills of the Queen and preceding monarchs at their door, he charged them to the Americans who were their advisers and who were substantially the same class of Americans who now have charge of the government. They were grasping, money-getting, unscrupulous, and they would continue to run the government for their own interest in the future.

He referred to the fact that only one side of the story of the revolution had been published in the newspapers, and that the provisional government had made it a crime to criticize its acts or officers. "No man charged with the responsibility of a war," he said, "more industrious in suppressing than were these men."

## Patents Granted Indianapolis.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Patents were issued to Indiana inventors to-day as follows: Alton L. Baughman and D. L. Baughman, Albion, drill attachment for planters; Charles F. Bettman, Jr., New Albany, fan attachment for rocking chairs; Eli H. Goslin, Washington, wrench; Louis G. Gustaf, Monticello, name tag; Archibald N. Hanna, Fort Wayne, pencil holder; George J. Herth and G. Bonenberger, Evansville, mine trap door; John L. Hutchinson, La Porte, assignor to E. F. Bowman, Lancaster, Pa., jewel chuck; Herman Kinzly, Indianapolis, hair structure; George W. Picher, ditching machine; Fernando W. Weaver, Bennington, saw clamp; George Thomas and E. J. Smith, Ellettsville, sawmill; James J. Wood, Fort Wayne, journal bearing.

## The New Minister to Bolivia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Col. Thomas Moonlight of Kansas, who has been appointed minister to Bolivia, has been prominent in politics for several years. During Mr. Cleveland's first term he was appointed Governor of Wyoming to succeed Gov. Warren. Mr. Moonlight was removed soon after President Harrison's inauguration, and returned to Kansas, where he has since resided. He is about sixty years old, and was a colonel in the Union army during the war. He was a member of the House of Representatives from 1882 to 1884, for which Moonlight has been chosen is one to which C. H. J. Taylor (colored), also from Kansas, was appointed by the President during the extra session of Congress, but who failed of confirmation.

## Dividends for Creditors of Bankers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Controller of the Currency has declared dividends to the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: A first dividend of 25 per cent. for creditors of the Columbus National Bank of Chicago; first dividend of 20 per cent. for First National Bank of Vernon, Tex.; first dividend of 40 per cent. for National Bank of North Dakota, B. Fargo, N. D.; first dividend of 20 per cent. for National Bank of Livingston, Mont.; first dividend of 25 per cent. for First National Bank of St. Louis, Mo.; second dividend of 10 per cent. for National Bank of Commonwealth, Manchester, N. H.; third dividend of 15 per cent. for First National Bank of Kansas City, Kan.

## St. Gaudens May Change the Medal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The original copies of the world's fair medal designed by St. Gaudens will be submitted to the Senate quadricentennial committee, and it is believed that if the members see nothing to improve in the design, the medal will be completed. Mr. St. Gaudens feels confident that with the originals before them the committee will withdraw all objections, but if the alterations are to be made he prefers to make them himself rather than have it intrusted to another person.

## Many Protests from the People.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—More remonstrances against the passage of the Wilson tariff bill are being received just now by men in Congress than at any time since the bill was introduced. A wheelbarrow full of remonstrances is being drawn by many more are received by members of the House than few of them are presented except by Republicans. The great majority of them are completely senseless.

## Confirmations by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed seven nominations, including those of Chas. D. Rogers, to be clerk of the District Court of Alaska; Oliver A. Clauson, to be postmaster at Lehigh, Pa., against whom charges were made in committee; Louis H. Rogers, to be consul at Acapulco, Mexico; and Edgar Battle, of Texas, to be consul at Acapulco.

## To Take Pensions from Foreigners.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Representative Hall, of Missouri, will introduce a bill providing that no pension shall be paid to any foreigner who is not a citizen of the United States. He says that many foreigners who participated in the late war and who, under the present pension laws, are drawing pensions, should become citizens or give up their pensions.

## Changes in Presidential Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The President to-day sent the following nominations of postmasters to the Senate: Indiana—John W. McCarthy, at Washington; Wm. S. Meredith, at Rushville; and Alphonse F. Wilson at Worthington. Illinois—William H. Minor at Streator. Oregon—John C. Sullivan at Riverside. Joseph Wright at Rock Falls.

## Telephone Patent Dend.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The patent on the famous electric telephone invention of Prof. Alex. Graham Bell, of Boston, expired to-day.

## General Notes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Charles N. Spencer, of Indiana, was to-day appointed a lieutenant of the Interior Department watch, at \$800 per year.

A favorable report was to-day made on the bill to pension Washington Hissop, of Indianapolis.

Joseph Chardon, of Indianapolis, is at the Ebbit.

J. C. Voster was to-day appointed postmaster of Newburg, Warrick county, vice W. B. Sanders, resigned.

S. W. Harter, of Brownsburg, Ind., has filed his application at the Treasury Department for the position of special inspector of customs.

John D. Moorehead was to-day appointed a storekeeper and gauger in the Terre Haute internal revenue district.

Representative Bell, of Colorado, has presented to the House the novel resolution recently adopted by the legislature of Colorado denouncing the action of Governor Waite in calling an extra session of the legislature.

## Must Reconnvass the Vote.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 30.—The Supreme Court granted an order to-day for Secretary John C. Hammett to show cause why he should not convene and reconvene the 1891 legislative session. The order is returnable Feb. 20. At the time the Attorney-general, whose salary is affected thereby, will doubtless contest the right of the present canvassing board to review the work of a former board.

## PLAN TO RAISE \$60,000

Tippecanoe County Will Help Repair Purdue's Recent Loss.

Dramatic Suicide of George Seymour, a Member of the Municipal Council of Union City, Ind.

## BANKER DECLARED INSANE

Eccentricities of George W. Lawrence, of North Manchester.

Senator Yaryan's Funeral—New Republican Organizations—A Boar Kills a Bull in a Fight.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Jan. 30.—To-night a mass meeting of citizens of Tippecanoe county was held here to set in motion methods for replacing the recently destroyed Heavilon memorial engineering building of Purdue University. It was a large and enthusiastic gathering. Every man present felt it was important that the buildings should be at once replaced and re-equipped. Hon. B. Wilson Smith presided. President Smart made a brief statement of the loss, which amounted to about \$100,000 in expenses. He said it would be absolutely necessary to have \$60,000 to begin the work of rebuilding. A memorial was unanimously adopted asking the commissioners of Tippecanoe county to donate \$60,000 for this purpose. Rousing speeches were made by ex-Senators Smith, Johnson, McHugh, ex-Representative Haggard, and by many leading citizens. All favored the donation. The memorial was adopted by a large majority. It is believed the commissioners will promptly make the appropriation on presentation of a majority of the voters of the county.

## REPUBLICANS AT WORK.

Enthusiastic Organization at Columbus Addressed by W. L. Taylor.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 30.—The Columbus Republican Club was organized here to-night, and starts off with a large membership. A meeting was held at Irwin's Hall, which was attended by fully five hundred enthusiastic Republicans. A permanent organization was effected, with E. W. Williams as president, and C. P. Remy, secretary. A number of speeches were made, and all of them were received with great applause. William L. Taylor, of Indianapolis, made a stirring speech, devoting his attention largely to club organization throughout Indiana. He then branched off into politics generally. He made some telling points against the Wilson bill and the Democratic party, and his remarks on the fiasco presented by the present administration in our foreign affairs was generally impressive. In the evening W. T. Strickland, W. W. Lambert, district committeeman; C. F. Remy, the new secretary of the County Commissioners is called for to-morrow to select a successor. Among the prominent Democrats scrambling for the position are attorney George A. Haigh, Samuel Stigler, Thomas Phillips and A. Turner.

## Receiver for a Land Company.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HAMMOND, Ind., Jan. 30.—Judge Gillette to-day appointed Henry A. Marm, of Crown Point, receiver of the real estate firm of Lake & Lane, of Chicago. During the boom of 1890 this firm invested largely in real estate in the vicinity of Tolleston, and subdivided it into town lots. Now, however, the firm is in a bad way, and the receiver is to take care of the property. The firm is now in a bad way, and the receiver is to take care of the property. The firm is now in a bad way, and the receiver is to take care of the property.

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## Three Brazil Failures.

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## Hartford City's New Hotel.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Jan. 30.—The Hotel Ingram was formally opened last night. About one hundred and fifty guests were present. The new hotel is one of the finest in the State, and Hartford City people are proud of it. The hotel contains sixty rooms, and was built and furnished at a cost of \$55,000.

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COLUMBUS, Ind., Jan. 30.—At 10 o'clock to-night fire broke out in the general store of S. Levy, in East Columbus, and the building and stock was destroyed. Loss, \$3,000; partly insured.

## Murphy Too Much for the Saloon.

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DUNKIRK, Ind., Jan. 30.—The saloon of Peter Zeigler was closed here yesterday, and is a direct result of the Murphy movement.

him on every occasion. He was a man of many good qualities, steady, honest, sober and industrious. He was a member of the Odd Fellows and ranked high socially.

## A MORTAL COMBAT.

A Delaware County Boar Slays a Young Bull in a Fair Fight.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Jan. 30.—A ferocious battle of beasts occurred a few mornings since on the farm of Samuel Pitzer in Delaware township. Mr. Pitzer owns a dangerous boar, with tusks several inches long. Recently the animal was in a pasture with some sheep, and for pure cussedness killed two of them. Mr. Pitzer then moved the boar in another field with some cattle. The hog chased the cows, and a few mornings since he was seen to attack a young bull. The bull was a heavy stockholder in the State to his pasture to fodder the stock, he found the boar and a young bull in another part of the field engaged in mortal combat. Both animals were covered with gore and the ground was wet for the space of an acre or more. The man soon discovered that it was a battle to the finish, and the bull looked to be getting the best of it. The boar soon caught fresh wind and waded into his antagonist in a frightful manner.

When the bull attempted to gore the boar, the latter would "cut" him, cutting great gashes in his neck. Mr. Pitzer rushed to the house after his rifle, but while gone the boar struck the vital spot, cutting the bull's jugular. When Pitzer returned he found the boar standing over his foe tearing at his throat with his tusks. The bull had been killed and there were forty gashes in his body. The hog had waded into his antagonist in a frightful manner. When the bull attempted to gore the boar, the latter would "cut" him, cutting great gashes in his neck. Mr. Pitzer rushed to the house after his rifle, but while gone the boar struck the vital spot, cutting the bull's jugular. When Pitzer returned he found the boar standing over his foe tearing at his throat with his tusks. The bull had been killed and there were forty gashes in his body. The hog had waded into his antagonist in a frightful manner.

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## BANKER LAWRENCE INSANE

An Eccentric Citizen of North Manchester Worth \$150,000.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., Jan. 30.—George W. Lawrence, president of the Lawrence National Bank at North Manchester, was this afternoon found to be of unsound mind in the Wabash court. Mr. Lawrence has been in failing health for a year. He imagined himself bankrupt, and requested his attendants to kill him and some of his family. One year ago his mind was affected and he disappeared. A reward of \$500 for information of his whereabouts was offered. He was found in Mississippi, where he was found in a mental hospital. He was a heavy stockholder in the State Bank of Warsaw and the Lawrence National, and is one of the best known bankers in the State. He was worth \$150,000. His son-in-law, August C. Mills, has been appointed guardian.

## \$35,000 BLAZE.

Big Dry Goods House at Evansville Destroyed Last Night.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 30.—R. A. Brennan's dry goods and notion store was destroyed by fire to-night. A high wind was blowing at the time and for awhile it was feared the lower end of the city would be wiped out. The flames set a building on fire on the opposite side of the street. Loss on stock is \$25,000; on building, \$10,000; total insurance, \$35,000.

## Auditor Yocum's Funeral.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 30.—The funeral of County Auditor Mathew R. Yocum was held this afternoon. Friends of the deceased from Ohio, Illinois and other points were present. The office made vacant by Mr. Yocum's death is being eagerly sought by numerous Democrats, and a special order to-morrow to select a successor. Among the prominent Democrats scrambling for the position are attorney George A. Haigh, Samuel Stigler, Thomas Phillips and A. Turner.

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## MAY GO INTO COURT

Reply of Northern Pacific Receivers Unsatisfactory to the Men.

Grand Master Sargent Summoned to St. Paul—An Appeal May Be Made to Judge Jenkins.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 30.—Grand Master Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, who arrived here to-night from New York, received a message from the chairman of the men's committee on the Northern Pacific road calling him to St. Paul immediately. The receivers have replied to the committee and request for a modification of the schedule, which went into effect Jan. 1, and the reply is not satisfactory. The executive officers of the six brotherhoods in the federation will meet on Thursday, when their action will be agreed upon. The probability is that the next step will be to go into Judge Jenkins' court and ask for a dissolution of the order restraining the officers of the brotherhoods from advising the men.

When asked where the full body would meet, Mr. Sargent said he could not say further than that the brotherhoods did not intend to "shut up shop," though federal judges should rule against them. If a test case has to be made, he said, it might as well be made on the Northern Pacific as elsewhere. Mr. Harper, the legal counsel of the Brotherhood of Firemen, will go to St. Paul with Mr. Sargent. Each of the brotherhoods has on hand yet several lawyers who take care of whatever case comes up in court. In the Union Pacific case the men have not yet been organized. When it is, the executive officers will meet and the attempt to dissolve the injunction will be made before a conference is had with the receivers.

## The Union Pacific Schedule.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 30.—General Counsel Thurston, of the Union Pacific railroad, this afternoon filed with Judge Hallett, in the United States Court, a copy of the new wage schedule of the Union Pacific, with a brief argument and statement of the facts which led up to action of the receivers in making out the schedule. To a reporter Judge Thurston said, as did General Superintendent Dyer yesterday, that it is not so much a reduction as it is an equalization of wages, and that the receivers of the Union Pacific, as of other roads, are trying to reduce expenses as much as possible. Judge Thurston declared there was no truth in the rumor that one of the men on hand, Judge Crockett, was organizing the labor unions. When the papers were filed the representatives of the men on hand, Judge Crockett, and counsel Gant, the Knight of Labor attorney at North Platte, have been retained to argue their case. At their request Judge Hallett continued the hearing until to-morrow.

## Strike of Miners.